

# SGM38045 Charge Pump Mode Power Supply for Wearable AMOLED Products

#### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SGM38045 is a power source device for biasing small AMOLED panels. It can be powered from a single-cell Lithium-lon/polymer battery or a DC supply in the range of 2.7V to 4.8V to provide OVDD, OVSS and AVDD voltage sources for an AMOLED panel. Two interim voltage rails (positive and negative) are generated by the integrated adaptive ×1/×1.5 charge pump converter and an inverting charge pump inverter. These rails are regulated by LDOs to get clean and low ripple positive (AVDD and OVDD) and negative (OVSS) outputs. This device is optimized for symmetric output to get highest efficiency from the charge pump inverter.

The SGM38045 is available in a Green WLCSP-1.2×2.4-17B package.

## **APPLICATIONS**

Wearable AMOLED Products
Phones with AMOLED Vice Screen

#### **FEATURES**

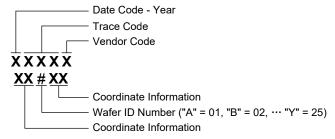
- 2.7V to 4.8V Input Voltage Range
- 2.8V to 3.5V OVDD (Default: 3.3V ±0.9%, 0.1V/Step)
- -2.8V to -3.5V OVSS (Default: -3.3V ±0.9%, 0.1V/Step)
- 3.3V AVDD (Default: 3.3V ±0.9%)
- Up to 70mA OVDD & OVSS Combined Output Current Capability
- Excellent Line and Load Regulation
- Low Ripple and Excellent Transient Response
- Soft-Start
- Bi-Directional Input Output MOSFET Isolation
- Protection Features
  - Under-Voltage Lockout Protection (UVLO)
  - Over-Current Protection (OCP)
  - Short-Circuit Protection (SCP)
  - Over-Temperature Protection (OTP)
- Power-Save Mode for Light-Load Efficiency
- Less than 1µA Shutdown Current
- Available in a Green WLCSP-1.2×2.4-17B Package

## PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION

MODEL	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDERING NUMBER	PACKAGE MARKING	PACKING OPTION
SGM38045	WLCSP-1.2×2.4-17B	-40°C to +85°C	SGM38045YG/TR	SGM 38045 XXXXX XX#XX	Tape and Reel, 3000

#### MARKING INFORMATION

NOTE: XXXXX = Date Code, Trace Code and Vendor Code. XX#XX = Coordinate Information and Wafer ID Number.



Green (RoHS & HSF): SG Micro Corp defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) and free of halogen substances. If you have additional comments or questions, please contact your SGMICRO representative directly.

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Supply Input Voltage, VIN to AGND
VOP, AVDD, OVDD, SWIRE, AVDDEN to AGND
-0.3V to 6V
CFxP, CFxN to AGND0.3V to 6V
VON, OVSS to AGND6V to 0.3V
Switch Transient Spike on CFxP, CFxN
1V <sub>PP</sub> to +1V <sub>PP</sub> , in 10ns FWHM
Package Thermal Resistance
WLCSP-1.2×2.4-17B, θ <sub>JA</sub> 100°C/W
Junction Temperature+150°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10s)+260°C
ESD Susceptibility
HBM4000V
CDM1000V

#### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Supply Input Voltage	2.7V to 4.8V
Operating Junction Temperature Range	-40°C to +125°C
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	40°C to +85°C

#### **OVERSTRESS CAUTION**

Stresses beyond those listed in Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability. Functional operation of the device at any conditions beyond those indicated in the Recommended Operating Conditions section is not implied.

#### **ESD SENSITIVITY CAUTION**

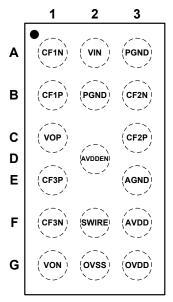
This integrated circuit can be damaged if ESD protections are not considered carefully. SGMICRO recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage. ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because even small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet the published specifications.

#### **DISCLAIMER**

SG Micro Corp reserves the right to make any change in circuit design, or specifications without prior notice.

# **PIN CONFIGURATION**

#### SGM38045 (TOP VIEW)

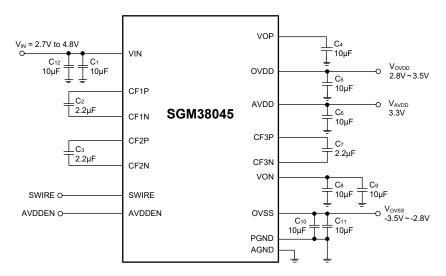


WLCSP-1.2×2.4-17B

# **PIN DESCRIPTION**

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
A1	CF1N	Negative Connection for the Charge Pump Flying Capacitor 1.
A2	VIN	Power Input Pin. V <sub>IN</sub> is measured between VIN and PGND.
A3, B2	PGND	Power Ground.
B1	CF1P	Positive Connection for the Charge Pump Flying Capacitor 1.
В3	CF2N	Negative Connection for the Charge Pump Flying Capacitor 2.
C1	VOP	Positive Charge Pump Regulator Output Rail (Positive Voltage).
С3	CF2P	Positive Connection for the Charge Pump Flying Capacitor 2.
D2	AVDDEN	Active High Enable Input Pin for AVDD.
E1	CF3P	Positive Connection for the inverter Charge Pump Flying Capacitor.
E3	AGND	Analog Ground Return for AVIN (Internal). Connect it to the PGND under the chip.
F1	CF3N	Negative Connection for the inverter Charge Pump Flying Capacitor.
F2	SWIRE	SWIRE Control Interface Input Pin.
F3	AVDD	AVDD LDO Output Pin.
G1	VON	Inverter Charge Pump Output Rail (Negative Voltage).
G2	ovss	OVSS LDO Output Pin.
G3	OVDD	OVDD LDO Output Pin.

# TYPICAL APPLICATION



**Figure 1. Typical Application Circuit** 

Table 1. Recommended BOM for Typical Application (< 50mA)

Reference	Quantity	Description	Part Number	Package	Supplier
$C_1, C_4, C_5, C_6, C_8, C_9, C_{10}, C_{11}, C_{12}$	9	10μF/10V/X5R	GRM155R61A106ME11 CL05A106MP5NUNC	0402	Murata Samsung
C <sub>2</sub> , C <sub>3</sub> , C <sub>7</sub>	3	1µF/6.3V/X5R	GRM033R60J105MEA2	0201	Murata

Table 2. Recommended BOM for Typical Application (> 50mA)

Reference	Quantity	Description	Part Number	Package	Supplier
$C_1, C_4, C_5, C_6, C_8, C_9, C_{10}, C_{11}, C_{12}$	9	10µF/10V/X5R	GRM155R61A106ME11 CL05A106MP5NUNC	0402	Murata Samsung
C <sub>2</sub> , C <sub>3</sub> , C <sub>7</sub>	3	2.2µF/6.3V/X5R	GRM033R60J225ME01	0201	Murata

# **FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**

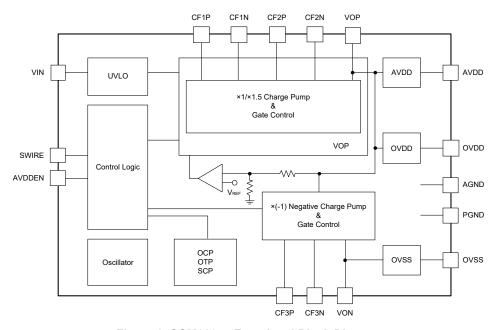


Figure 2. SGM38045 Functional Block Diagram



# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(V_{IN} = 3.7V, V_{AVDD} = 3.3V, V_{OVDD} = 3.3V, V_{OVSS} = -3.3V, T_{J} = +25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Input Power Supply							
Input Supply Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>	$T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$	2.7	3.7	4.8	V	
		V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.7V, no load, AVDDEN = SWIRE = high		310			
Quiescent Current	lα	V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.7V, no load, AVDDEN = high,		190		μA	
Churt de cura Curana est		SWIRE = low			1.0		
Shutdown Current	I <sub>SHDN</sub>	AVDDEN = SWIRE = low		0.1	1.0	μA	
Under-Voltage Lockout Threshold	V <sub>UVLOH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> rising	0.40	2.40	2.50	V	
The arrest Charteless in	V <sub>UVLOL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> falling	2.10	2.25		V	
Thermal Shutdown	T <sub>SD</sub>	Junction temperature rising		140		℃	
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	$\DeltaT_{SD}$	Junction temperature falling		10		°C	
SWIRE		V 0.71/1- 4.01/ T 40°0 t- +05°0					
Logic High-Level Voltage	V <sub>SRH</sub>	$V_{IN} = 2.7V \text{ to } 4.8V, T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.1		0.4	V	
Logic Low-Level Voltage	V <sub>SRL</sub>	$V_{IN} = 2.7V \text{ to } 4.8V, T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.4	V	
Pull-Down Resistor	R <sub>SR</sub>			550		kΩ	
Turn-Off Detection Time	t <sub>OFF_DLY</sub>		300			μs	
Signal Stop Indicate Time	t <sub>STOP</sub>		300			μs	
Rising Time	t <sub>R</sub>				200	ns	
Falling Time	t <sub>F</sub>				200	ns	
Pulse High Level Time Period	t <sub>ON</sub>		4		20	μs	
Pulse Low Level Time Period	t <sub>OFF</sub>		4		20	μs	
SWIRE Frequency Range	$f_{\text{SWIRE}}$		25		125	kHz	
AVDDEN					•		
Logic High Level Voltage	$V_{IH}$	$V_{IN} = 2.7V \text{ to } 4.8V, T_J = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$	1.1			V	
Logic Low Level Voltage	$V_{IL}$	$V_{IN} = 2.7V \text{ to } 4.8V, T_J = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$			0.4	V	
Positive Charge Pump Regulator							
Positive Output Voltage Range	$V_{VOP\_RANGE}$		3.6		4.8	V	
Positive Charge Pump Switching Frequency	f <sub>SW_P</sub>		0.8	1	1.1	MHz	
Negative Charge Pump							
Negative Output Voltage Range	$V_{VON\_RANGE}$		-3.65		-2.95	V	
Negative Charge Pump Switching Frequency	f <sub>SW_N</sub>		0.8	1	1.1	MHz	
AVDD				•			
AVDD Output Voltage Range	V <sub>AVDD_RANGE</sub>	Normal operation, default		3.3		V	
AV/DD Outside Valle on Account	A) (DD A	V <sub>AVDD</sub> = 3.3V	-0.5		0.5	0/	
AVDD Output Voltage Accuracy	AVDD_Acc	V <sub>AVDD</sub> = 3.3V, T <sub>J</sub> = -40°C to +85°C	-0.9		0.9	%	
AVDD Output Current Capability	I <sub>AVDD</sub>	No load on OVDD and OVSS	30			mA	
AVDD Line Regulation	V <sub>AVDD_LINE</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.7V to 4.8V, I <sub>AVDD</sub> = 30mA		0.1		%	
AVDD Load Regulation	V <sub>AVDD_LOAD</sub>	I <sub>AVDD</sub> = 0 to 30mA		0.1		%	
AVDD Output Voltage Ripple	V <sub>AVDD_RIPPLE</sub>	I <sub>AVDD</sub> = 0 to 30mA		1		$mV_{PP}$	
AVDD Current Limit	I <sub>AVDD_LIMIT</sub>		40	60	80	mA	
AVDD Discharge Resistance	R <sub>AVDD_RDIS</sub>			450		Ω	
AVDD Short-Circuit Protection	AVDD_SCP	Percentage of nominal V <sub>AVDD</sub>		80		%	

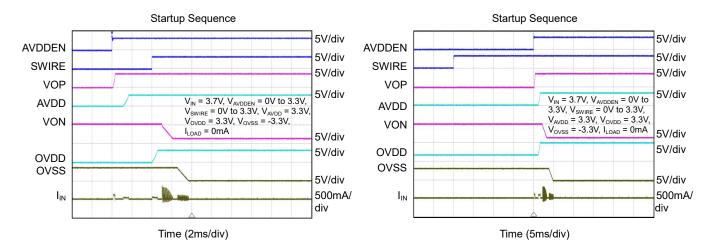
# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

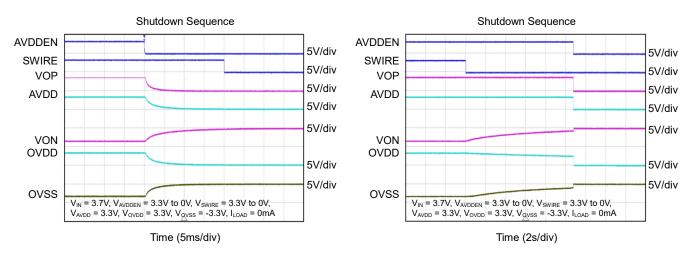
 $(V_{IN} = 3.7V, V_{AVDD} = 3.3V, V_{OVDD} = 3.3V, V_{OVSS} = -3.3V, T_J = +25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

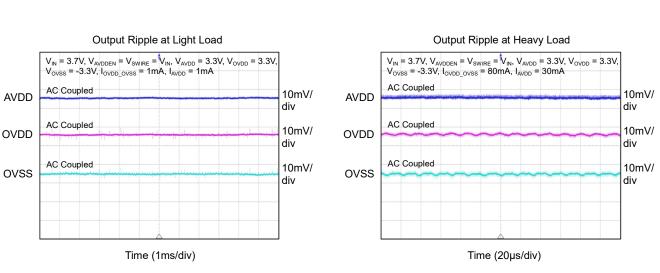
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
OVDD	·						
OVDD Output Voltage Range	$V_{OVDD\_RANGE}$	2.8V to 3.5V with 0.1V/step, default 3.3V	2.8	3.3	3.5	V	
OVDD Output Voltage Accuracy	OVDD_Acc	V <sub>OVDD</sub> = 3.3V, no load	-0.5		0.5	5 %	
OVDD Output Voltage Accuracy	OVDD_Acc	$V_{OVDD}$ = 3.3V, no load, $T_J$ = -40°C to +85°C	$I_{J}$ , $T_{J}$ = -40°C to +85°C -0.9 0.9		0.9	70	
OVDD Output Current Capability	I <sub>OVDD</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.7V, I <sub>AVDD</sub> = 10mA, I <sub>OVSS</sub> = 70mA	70			mA	
OVDD Line Regulation	$V_{\text{OVDD\_LINE}}$	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.7V to 4.8V, I <sub>OVDD</sub> = 10mA		0.1		%	
OVDD Load Regulation	$V_{OVDD\_LOAD}$	I <sub>OVDD</sub> = 0 to 70mA		0.1		%	
OVDD Output Ripple	$V_{\text{OVDD\_RIPPLE}}$	$I_{OVDD} = I_{OVSS} = 0$ to 70mA		5		$mV_{PP}$	
OVDD Current Limit	I <sub>OVDD_LIMIT</sub>		70	95	120	mA	
OVDD Discharge Resistance	R <sub>OVDD_RDIS</sub>			450		Ω	
OVDD Short-Circuit Protection	OVDD_SCP	Percentage of nominal V <sub>OVDD</sub>		80		%	
ovss	·						
OVSS Output Voltage Range	Vovss_range	-3.5V to -2.8V with 0.1V/step, default -3.3V	-3.5	-3.3	-2.8	V	
OVSS Output Voltage Assurage	0)/00 4	V <sub>OVSS</sub> = -3.3V, no load	-0.6		0.6	%	
OVSS Output Voltage Accuracy	OVSS_Acc	$V_{OVSS}$ = -3.3V, no load, $T_J$ = -40°C to +85°C	-0.9		0.9	70	
OVSS Output Current Capability	I <sub>ovss</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.7V, I <sub>AVDD</sub> = 10mA, I <sub>OVDD</sub> = 70mA	70			mA	
OVSS Line Regulation	V <sub>OVSS_LINE</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.7V to 4.8V, I <sub>OVSS</sub> = 10mA		0.1		%	
OVSS Load Regulation	$V_{\text{OVSS\_LOAD}}$	I <sub>OVSS</sub> = 0 to 70mA		0.1		%	
OVSS Output Ripple	V <sub>OVSS_RIPPLE</sub>	I <sub>OVDD</sub> = 0 to 70mA		5		$mV_{PP}$	
OVSS Current Limit	I <sub>OVSS_LIMIT</sub>		70	105	150	mA	
OVSS Discharge Resistance	R <sub>OVSS_RDIS</sub>			450		Ω	
OVSS Short-Circuit Protection	OVSS_SCP	Percentage of nominal V <sub>OVSS</sub>		80		%	

# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{IN}$  = 3.7V,  $V_{AVDD}$  = 3.3V,  $V_{OVDD}$  = 3.3V,  $V_{OVSS}$  = -3.3V, unless otherwise noted.

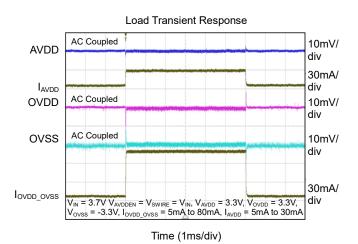


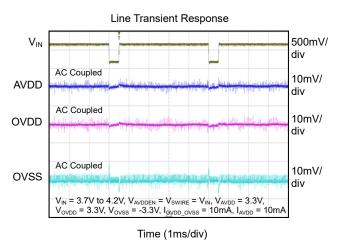


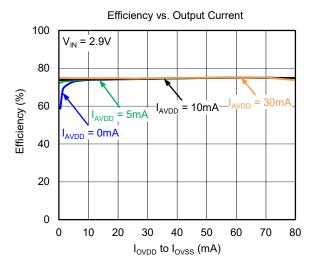


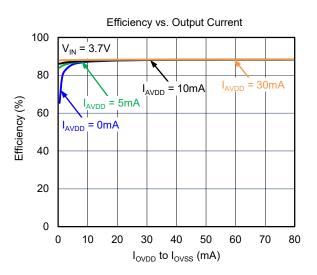
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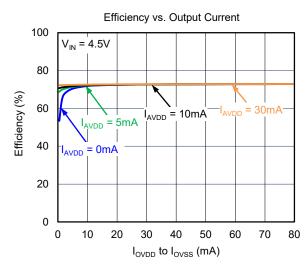
 $V_{IN}$  = 3.7V,  $V_{AVDD}$  = 3.3V,  $V_{OVDD}$  = 3.3V,  $V_{OVSS}$  = -3.3V, unless otherwise noted.

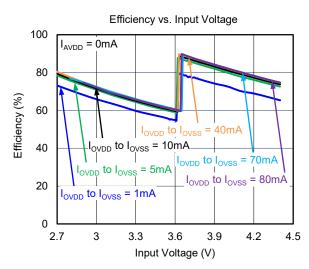






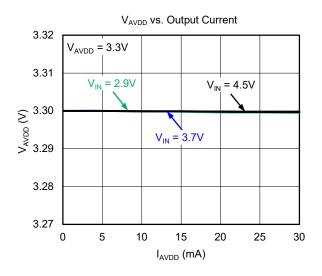


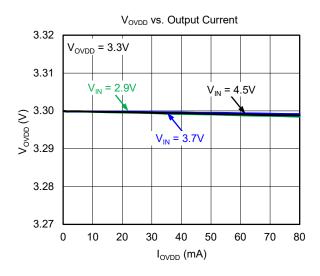


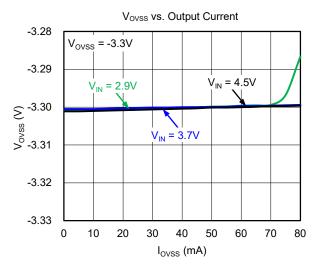


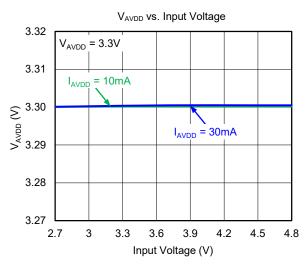
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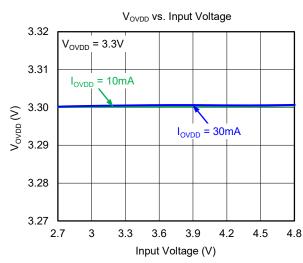
 $V_{IN}$  = 3.7V,  $V_{AVDD}$  = 3.3V,  $V_{OVDD}$  = 3.3V,  $V_{OVSS}$  = -3.3V, unless otherwise noted.

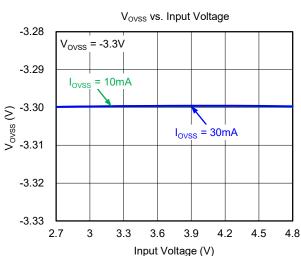












## **TIMING DIAGRAM**

# Startup and Shutdown Sequence 1

AVDDEN On → SWIRE On → SWIRE Off → AVDDEN Off

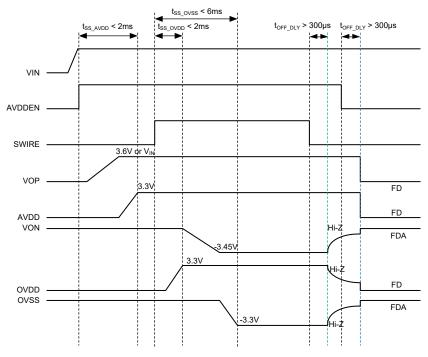


Figure 3. Startup and Shutdown Sequence 1 (FD = Fast Discharge, FDA = Fast Discharge for 30ms)

## **Startup and Shutdown Sequence 2**

AVDDEN On → SWIRE On → AVDDEN Off → SWIRE Off

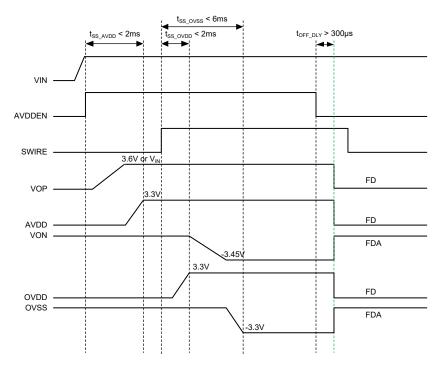


Figure 4. Startup and Shutdown Sequence 2

# **TIMING DIAGRAM (continued)**

## **Startup and Shutdown Sequence 3**

SWIRE On → AVDDEN On → SWIRE Off → AVDDEN Off

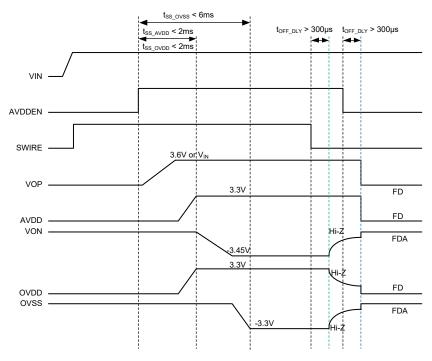


Figure 5. Startup and Shutdown Sequence 3

## **AVDD Startup and Shutdown Sequence**

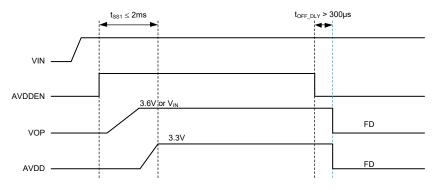


Figure 6. AVDD On/Off Sequence by AVDDEN (SWIRE = Low or High)

# **TIMING DIAGRAM (continued)**

# **SWIRE Startup and Shutdown Sequence**

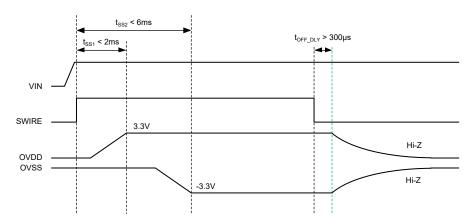


Figure 7. The OVDD and OVSS On/Off Sequence by the SWIRE Input (AVDDEN = High)

# **SWIRE Command Timing Diagram**

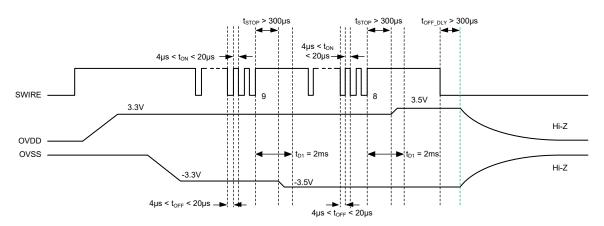


Figure 8. Key Timings of a Command Processing with the SWIRE Interface

**Table 3. Shutdown Discharge Table** 

AVDD_EN	SWIRE	AVDD	OVDD	ovss
0	0	FD	FD	FDA
0	1	FD	FD	FDA
1	0	NA	Hi-Z	Hi-Z
1	1	NA	NA	NA

NOTE: FDA: Fast discharge is active only 30ms.

# **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

Figure 2 shows the internal block diagram of the SGM38045. The main blocks include a ×1/×1.5 positive charge pump converter, a charge pump inverter, three LDOs, the sequence control and protection functions. This device provides three power lines to drive an AMOLED panel. The power train is optimized for symmetric output voltage on the adjustable OVDD and OVSS. With a symmetric output, the charge pump operates with an excellent efficiency. The OVDD voltage is adjustable from 2.8V to 3.5V and the OVSS voltage can be set from -3.5V to -2.8V both in 100mV steps. After the device is enabled by pulling the AVDDEN high, the positive charge pump converter generates a stable positive rail (VOP) from the 3.6V to 4.8V power input source (VIN). Then the charge pump converter generates a stable negative rail (VON) by inverting  $V_{\text{VOP}}$ . Three LDOs, two positive (AVDD and OVDD) and one negative (OVSS) regulate the converters outputs to get clean voltage sources needed for the AMOLED.

When the input voltage is high enough, the positive charge pump operates in bypass mode, and the output voltage  $V_{\text{VOP}}$  is equal to the input voltage. If the input voltage is not high enough, the  $V_{\text{VOP}}$  is automatically decided based on the headroom needed for maintaining the regulation of the  $V_{\text{AVDD}},\ V_{\text{OVDD}}$  and  $V_{\text{OVSS}},$  as specified in the following equation:

$$V_{VOP} = MAX(V_{AVDD}, V_{OVDD}, |V_{OVSS}|) + 0.3V$$

The device can be shut down by pulling both AVDDEN and SWIRE inputs to logic low. Supply current is less than  $1\mu A$  in shutdown state.

#### **Protection Features**

UVLO protection is provided for VIN to shut down the device and prevent abnormal operation in case of under-voltage.

The input current is monitored cycle-by-cycle during each switch ON period for over-current limiting (OCP). This current is sensed by the ON voltage across the switches. When an over-current is detected on a switch, it is forced off right away to limit the current and prevent damage.

A short-circuit is detected when an output voltage falls to less than 80% of its programmed value (typical). Short-circuit protection (SCP) will force all switches off upon detecting a short, including short to ground, short to VIN and short in flying capacitors. The device enters

the shutdown state after SCP, and the shutdown state is latched. To reset the whole device, either VIN has to cycle below UVLO threshold or AVDDEN and SWIRE have to be low at the same time for toff\_DLY.

Over-Temperature Protection (OTP) stops all power converters if the die temperature exceeds  $+140\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Device operation will resume when the die is cooled down by  $10\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  approximately.

#### The Positive Charge Pump Converter

The SGM38045 uses positive charge pump converter to maintain synchronous power conversion under all operating conditions to achieve high efficiency over a wide range of input voltages and output currents. This converter is internally compensated and can change its mode automatically between ×1 bypass mode and ×1.5 charge pump mode based on the operating conditions. If  $V_{IN} > V_{VOP}$  it operates in bypass mode, and it acts in  $\times 1.5$  charge pump mode if  $V_{IN} < V_{VOP}$ . The RMS current through the switches is thus kept to a minimum, minimizing switching and conduction Controlling the switches this way lets the converter achieve high efficiency over the whole input voltage range.

#### Startup and Shutdown Sequences

Figure 3 to Figure 7 show the timing diagrams of the startup and shutdown sequence options for the SGM38045. The startup and shutdown sequence depends on the order of AVDDEN and SWIRE rising and falling edges after V<sub>IN</sub> reaches to its normal operating range.

#### **SWIRE I/F and Voltage/State Programming**

SWIRE can also be used for programming the output voltages by an MCU or a digital controller. Vovdd and Vovss can be programmed by the pulse counting in SWIRE timing sequence. Voop and Voon are adjusted accordingly by the device for best efficiency and regulation. Figure 8 shows transition timings of the SWIRE in a pulse counting command session. The SWIRE must be kept high for the minimum tstop time to complete the command and apply that to the device. If the SWIRE is kept low for more than toff\_DLY time, the relevant converters will shut down and the OVDD and OVSS outputs go to discharge to ground state or Hi-Z according to Table 3. An internal pull-down resistor on the SWIRE assures that all outputs are shutdown when the host is not active.

# **APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)**

#### **Layout and Component Selection**

To achieve the best performance of the SGM38045, the following layout guidelines must be followed.

To get a good output regulation, place the components as close as possible to the device and use wide and short traces for connections especially for the high current loops in the outputs. The input and output bypass capacitors should be connected to the ground plane of the PCB. If the flying capacitors are not placed close to the CFxP/CFxN pins, it may cause noise radiation.

Refer to Figure 9 for a layout reference. Recommended component values are given in Table 1 and Table 2.

### **Thermal Dissipation Constraint**

Small size AMOLED panels are typically used in the tiny, space constraint gadgets. They have limited permissible thermal dissipation due to the close contact with the user body. The thermal shutdown threshold of the device is +140°C, which is way higher than the allowed scald-free temperature. Therefore, careful thermal dissipation analysis and tests are essential for the evaluation of the designs in such applications. The required thermal isolation causes higher operating junction temperature compared to the operation in the open space. Therefore, the device output power capacity must be derated accordingly.

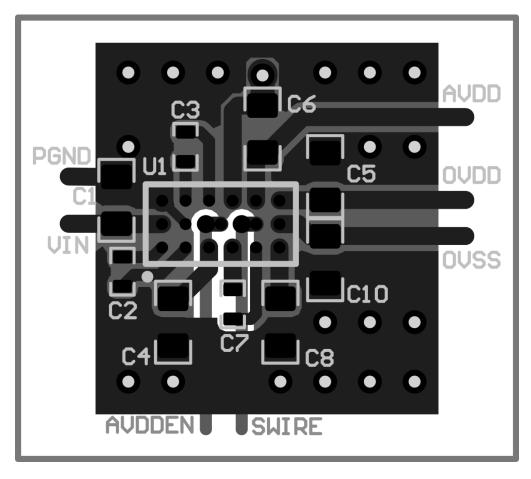


Figure 9. PCB Layout Reference

# **APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)**

# **SWIRE Setting**

#### Table 4. SWIRE Programming 1

Pulse	Function Description
0 (no pulse programming)	Default: V <sub>OVDD</sub> = 3.3V, V <sub>OVSS</sub> = -3.3V, V <sub>AVDD</sub> = 3.3V (AVDDEN = 1).
1 - 8	OVDD output voltage setting (2.8V to 3.5V), as explained in Table 5.
9 - 16	OVSS output voltage setting (-3.5V to -2.8V), as explained in Table 5.
17 - 18	Reserved.
19	OVDD is turned on.
20	VON and OVSS are turned on.
21	OVDD is turned off.
22	VON and OVSS are turned off.
23	VON and OVSS discharge to GND, with slow slew rate then they enter high impendence (Hi-Z) state.
24	Soft-reset. Clear all settings and reset back to default state.
25 - 31	Reserved.

#### Table 5. SWIRE Programming 2

Pulse	V <sub>VOP</sub> (V)	V <sub>OVDD</sub> (V)	Pulse	V <sub>VON</sub> (V)	V <sub>ovss</sub> (V)
0/no pulse	3.6	3.3	0/no pulse	-3.45	-3.3
1	3.6	2.8	9	-3.65	-3.5
2	3.6	2.9	10	-3.55	-3.4
3	3.6	3	11	-3.45	-3.3
4	3.6	3.1	12	-3.35	-3.2
5	3.6	3.2	13	-3.25	-3.1
6	3.6	3.3	14	-3.15	-3
7	3.7	3.4	15	-3.05	-2.9
8	3.8	3.5	16	-2.95	-2.8

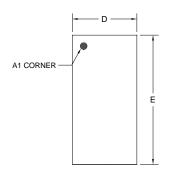
# **REVISION HISTORY**

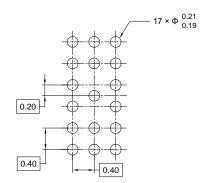
NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

OCTOBER 2022 – REV.A to REV.A.1	Page
Changed Application Information section	13
Changes from Original (JANUARY 2022) to DEV A	Dama
Changes from Original (JANUARY 2022) to REV.A	Page
Changed from product preview to production data	All



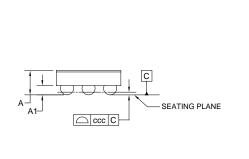
# PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS WLCSP-1.2×2.4-17B

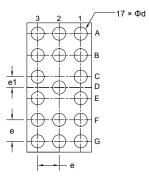




**TOP VIEW** 

RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)





**SIDE VIEW** 

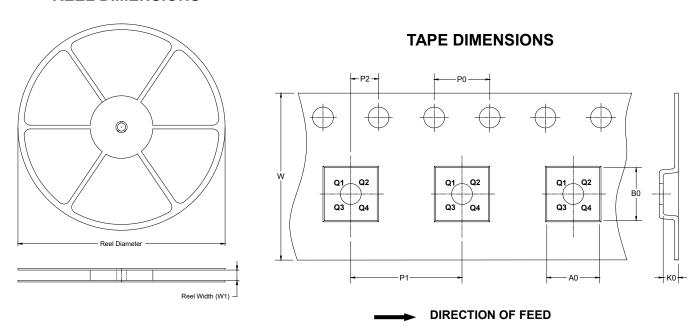
**BOTTOM VIEW** 

Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters					
Symbol	MIN	MOD	MAX			
Α	0.412	0.450	0.488			
A1	0.152	0.172	0.192			
D	1.170	1.200	1.230			
E	2.370	2.400	2.430			
d	0.223	0.243	0.263			
е	0.400 BSC					
e1	0.200 BSC					
CCC	-	0.050 -				

NOTE: This drawing is subject to change without notice.

# TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

#### **REEL DIMENSIONS**

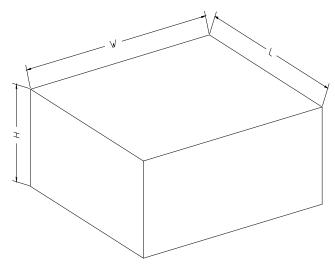


NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

#### **KEY PARAMETER LIST OF TAPE AND REEL**

Package Type	Reel Diameter	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	P2 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
WLCSP-1.2×2.4-17B	7"	9.5	1.32	2.55	0.62	4.0	4.0	2.0	8.0	Q1

## **CARTON BOX DIMENSIONS**



NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

## **KEY PARAMETER LIST OF CARTON BOX**

Reel Type	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	Pizza/Carton
7" (Option)	368	227	224	8
7"	442	410	224	18